Trinidad and Tobago has an estimated adult HIV prevalence of 3.2 percent. An estimated 28,000 persons were living with HIV at the end of 2004.

Seventy-three percent of infections occur among people between 15 and 49 years of age.

Although the rate of AIDS deaths in Trinidad and Tobago is decreasing, AIDS is now the leading cause of death among young adults.

HIV/AIDS is being spread primarily through multiple sex partners (mostly heterosexual).

HIV is becoming an increasingly feminised epidemic in Trinidad and Tobago; 74 percent of new infections in the 15-to-24 age group occur in females.

In 2005 the Ministry of Health, National Surveillance Unit, Trinidad and Tobago, reported the following figures:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CATEGORY</th>
<th>NUMBER OF PEOPLE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>New adults (ages 15-49) HIV infections in 2004</td>
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</tr>
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The NACC is collaborating with a wide range of implementing agencies in rolling out the National HIV and AIDS Strategic Plan (NSP).

The Ministry of Education’s AIDS Committee has drafted an education sector plan for HIV and AIDS that envisions a comprehensive response to the epidemic based on the NSP.

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5. Ibid.